

SMARTWEALTH US DOLLAR EQUITY INDOASIA CLASS B FUND

October 2021

BLOOMBERG: AZUSIAB IJ

Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 80 - 100% in equity instruments (directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds) and 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits). Furthermore, the fund shall be invested in equity instruments in the Asia Pacific region, excluding Japan, not exceeding 20% of the fund.

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	91.22%
Mutual Fund - ETF	1.82%
Cash/Deposit	6.96%

Top 10 Stocks Holding

(in Alphabetical Order)
 Astra International
 Bank Central Asia
 Bank Jago Tbk
 Bank Mandiri Persero
 Bank Rakyat Indonesia
 Bukalapak.Com Tbk,
 Elang Mahkota Teknologi
 Surya Citra Media
 Telekomunikasi Indonesia
 Tower Bersama Infrastruct

Country Breakdown (Stock)

Indonesia	76.40%
Philippines	0.00%
Hongkong	8.76%
South Korea	3.51%
Malaysia	0.00%
Singapore	0.06%
Taiwan	2.49%
Thailand	0.00%

Key Fund Facts

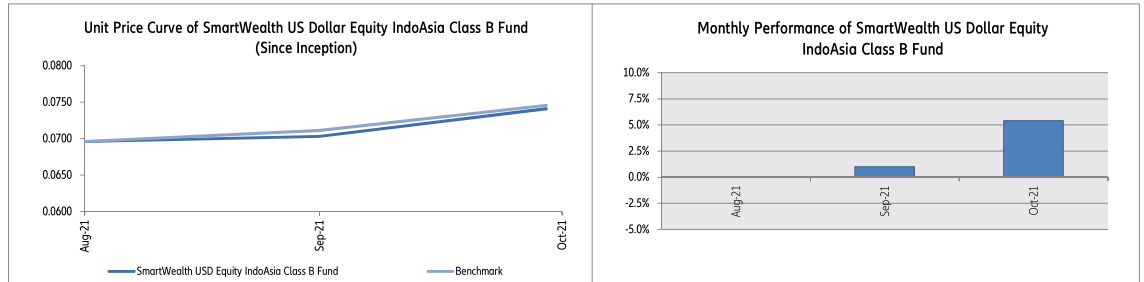
Fund Size (in mn USD)	USD 0.0
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	Sep 01, 2021
Fund Currency	United States Dollar
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia

Price per Unit	
(As of Oct 29, 2021)	USD 0.0741

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	YTD	Since Inception
SmartWealth US Dollar Equity IndoAsia Class B	5.41%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.47%
Benchmark*	4.86%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.13%

*80% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) and 20% MSCI AC Far East Ex-Japan Index (MXFE)



Manager Commentary

The Asian market had an overall return of 1.00% for the month of October. The top performers for the month were Singapore (+4.21%) and Australia (+3.92%). The bottom performers for the region were Japan (-3.36%) and Korea (-2.30%). Singapore was a top performer led by the consumer discretionary and communication services sectors. Australia was a top performer led by the information technology and health care sectors. Japan was a bottom performer due to a lagging performance in the utilities and health care sectors. Korea was a bottom performer due to a lagging performance in the health care and energy sectors.

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced Oct 2021 inflation +0.12% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.10%, -0.04% in Sep 2021). On yearly basis, inflation was +1.66% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.65%, +1.60% in Sep 2021). Core inflation was printed at +1.33% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.40%, +1.33% in Sep 2021). The higher inflation on Oct 2021 was supported by the inflation increment on volatile food group and administered price group. The higher inflation on volatile food group was affected by the increment of chili and cooking oil prices (in line with higher global CPO price), while on the administered price group side was affected by the higher air fare cost. The BI Board of Governors agreed on 18-19 Oct 2021 to hold the BI 7-Day Reverse Repo Rate at 3.50%, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 2.75% and 4.25%, respectively. This policy is to maintain Rupiah stability in the middle of global uncertainty and also the lower inflation. Rupiah appreciated against USD by +1.05% from 14,321 at end of Sep 2021 to 14,171 at end of Oct 2021. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD 4,371mn in Sep 2021 vs previous month surplus USD 4,746mn. Despite of the amount of trade surplus slightly lowered compared last month, the export number still showed strong growth on the back of increment demand of coal export from EU and US. Non-oil and gas trade balance in Sep 2021 recorded surplus USD +5,305mn, which was slightly lower than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +5,728mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -934mn in Sep 2021, which was slightly lower than the deficit in Aug 2021 amounting to USD -982mn. Indonesia's economy grew by +3.51% YoY in Q3 2021 (vs previous +7.07%, consensus +3.88%), and also recorded positive growth by +1.55% QoQ (vs previous +3.31%, consensus +1.90%). The slowing down was affected by the mobility restriction in Q3 2021 which was impacted by the Covid-19 second wave, and also lower domestic demand. The YoY growth was contributed by the deceleration on household consumption growth by 1.03% YoY, while government spending only grew by +0.60% YoY. Indonesia's official foreign reserve in the end of Oct 2021 was at USD 145.5bn, slightly lower than Sep 2021 number at USD 146.90bn due to the government's external debt payment.

The JCI ended the month higher at 6,591.35 (+4.84% MoM). Market movers were BBCA, BBRI, BMRI, BBNI, and ASII as they rose 6.79%, 10.39%, 16.67%, 30.23%, and 10.42% MoM respectively. Global stock markets continued to strengthen in October, driven by robust US economic data and upbeat corporate 3Q21 earnings results despite concerns on higher inflation, supply chain disruptions and rising energy cost. On taper updates, the Fed stated it will begin tapering monthly bond purchases by USD15bn/month until December 2021 and will adjust the pace of purchases depending on the economic outlook. This boosted price of risky assets ie equities as market perceive the stance as more dovish. Moving to Indonesia, Indonesia government began further relaxing its mobility restrictions as new covid cases remain low. This has reflected in several leading indicators such as mall occupancy rate in malls in Jakarta, which has now reached 80% of pre-covid level and weekly toll road traffic volume that has reached 11% above the pre-covid level. On Indonesia equities, the Indonesia stock benchmark currently trades at 2022 earnings multiple of 15.7x, which is slightly above its mean but considering the already low foreign investors positioning combined with improving economic activity, strong commodity prices, upcoming tax amnesty and more technology company IPOs, we believe this will improve investors' appetite in Indonesian stock market going forward. Sector wise, the Financial Sector was the best performing sector during the month, gaining 8.70% MoM. Ticker wise, BBHI (Allo Bank Indonesia) and BBNI (Bank Negara Indonesia) were the movers, appreciating 60.00% and 30.23% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Basic Materials Sector which rallied 6.20% MoM. Ticker wise, GGRP (Gunung Raja Paksi) and MDKA (Merdeka Copper Gold) posted 58.07% and 25.40% MoM gains respectively. On the other hand, the worst sector during the month was the Technology Sector, which recorded a decline of 0.4% MoM. Ticker wise, KIOS (Kioson Komersial Indonesia) and BUKA (Bukalapak) were the laggards, which fell 25.12% and 19.19% MoM respectively.

About Allianz Indonesia

PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia was founded in 1996 and is part of Allianz Asia Pacific which has been present in the region since 1910. Allianz Group is a leading insurance company and asset manager in the world with over 129 years of experience and provides a variety of personal and insurance services, companies, ranging from property, life and health insurance to credit insurance and business insurance services globally.

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