

# SMARTLINK RUPIAH EQUITY FUND

## November 2021

**BLOOMBERG: AZRPEQF IJ**

### Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

### Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits, SBI, SPN, and / or money market mutual funds) and 80 - 100% in equity instruments (either directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds).

### Return Performance

Last 1-year Period	13.01%
Best Month	Jul-09 14.70%
Worst Month	Oct-08 -19.00%

### Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	94.01%
Cash/Deposit	5.99%

### Top Ten Stocks Holding

(in Alphabetical Order)

Bank Central Asia  
Bank Jago  
Bank Mandiri Persero  
Bank Rakyat Indonesia  
Bukalapak.Com,  
Elang Mahkota Teknologi  
Merdeka Copper Gold  
Surya Citra Media  
Telekomunikasi Indonesia  
Tower Bersama Infrastruct

### Key Fund Facts

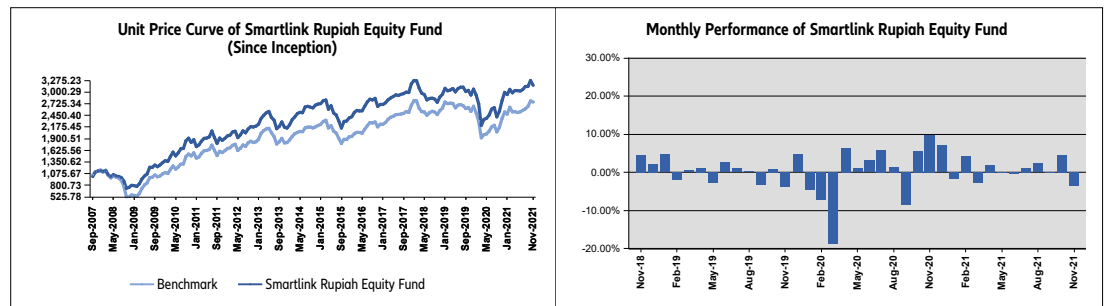
Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 10,197.82
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	01 Sep 2007
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Launch Date NAV Price	IDR 1,000.00
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	3,394,972,295.2520

Price per Unit	Bid	Offer
(As of Nov 30, 2021)	IDR 3,003.80	IDR 3,161.89

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Smartlink Rupiah Equity Fund	-3.46%	0.90%	4.16%	13.01%	9.57%	18.74%	5.60%	216.19%
Benchmark*	-0.87%	6.24%	9.86%	16.42%	7.89%	26.90%	9.28%	176.71%

\*Jakarta Composite Index (JCI)



### Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced Nov 2021 inflation +0.37% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.31%, +0.12% in Oct 2021). On yearly basis, inflation was +1.75% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.70%, +1.66% in Oct 2021). Core inflation was printed at +1.44% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.44%, +1.33% in Oct 2021). The higher monthly inflation was impacted by the increment in core inflation, volatile food, and administered price group. The increment in core inflation was caused by higher global gold price. For the increment of inflation in volatile food group was affected by the higher global CPO price (impacted to higher cooking oil price), while for the increment of inflation in administered price group was impacted by the air fare in line with the mobility relaxation. The BI Board of Governors agreed on 17-18 Nov 2021 to hold the BI 7-Day Reverse Repo Rate at 3.50%, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 2.75% and 4.25%, respectively. This policy is to maintain Rupiah stability in the middle of global uncertainty and also the lower inflation. Rupiah depreciated against USD by -1.05% from 14,171 at end of Oct 2021 to 14,320 at end of Nov 2021. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD 5,733mn in Oct 2021 vs previous month surplus USD 4,371mn. October 2021 recorded the highest trade surplus which was caused by the higher global commodity prices, especially CPO and coal. Non-oil and gas trade balance in Oct 2021 recorded surplus USD +6,606mn, which was higher than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +5,305mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -873mn in Oct 2021, which was better than the deficit in Sep 2021 amounting to USD -934mn. Indonesia's official foreign reserve in the end of Nov 2021 was at USD 145.9bn, slightly higher than Oct 2021 number at USD 145.5bn due to tax revenue and external debt.

The JCI ended the month lower at 6,533.93 (-0.87% MoM). Market laggards were BBRI, BBKA, BUKA, TPIA, and ASII as they fell 3.76%, 2.35%, 21.58%, 6.91%, and 4.15% MoM respectively. Global stock markets faced slight correction in the month of November, amid growing fears of a new coronavirus variant identified in South Africa (Omicron Virus), which could spark fresh outbreaks and scuttle a fragile economic recovery. While on the monetary policy front, Fed officials at their November meeting mentioned that they were opened to removing policy support at a faster pace to keep inflation in check. This caused jitters in the global equity market as market participants begins pricing in faster than previously expected rate-hike in 2022. Moving to Indonesia, Indonesia coronavirus cases has remained low in November with no signs of another round of Covid-19 wave picking up. To prevent Omicron virus from spreading in the country, Indonesia government has extended the quarantine days for foreigners travelling aboard to Indonesia to 7 days, from previously 3 days. On Indonesia equities, the Indonesia stock benchmark currently trades at 2022 earnings multiple of 15.3x, which is slightly above its mean but considering the already low foreign investors positioning combined with improving economic activity, strong commodity prices, upcoming tax amnesty and more technology company IPOs, we believe this will improve investors' appetite in Indonesian stock market going forward. Sector wise, the Properties and Real Estate Sector was the worst performing sector during the month, declining 5.73% MoM. Ticker wise, POLL (Pollux Properties) and TRUE (Trinity Dinamik) were the laggards, depreciating 39.39% and 33.33% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Technology Sector which dropped 5.66% MoM. Ticker wise, HDIT (Hensel Davest Indonesia) and BUKA (Bukalapak) posted 29.91% and 21.58% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best sector during the month was the Transportation and Logistic Sector, which recorded a gain of 23.34% MoM. Ticker wise, TMAS (Temas Tbk) and BPTR (Batavia Prosperindo Trans) were the movers which rose 203.80% and 87.43% MoM respectively.

Portfolio strategy wise, we have started to progressively shift to increase non defensives cyclical exposures on economic recovery expectation in 2022. Generally speaking, our preference on equities that have pricing power, efficient balance sheet and good corporate governance has not changed regardless of condition. We are putting a larger emphasis on managing earnings expectations to a more conservative approach rather than growth seeking and assess value on that front also bearing in mind forex, leverage exposures and cash flow generation ability.

### About Allianz Indonesia

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