

Smartlink Rupiah Balanced Class B Fund

January 2023

BLOOMBERG: AZRPBLB IJ
Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to achieve conservative long term capital growth while earning more relatively stable income.

Investment Strategy: Balanced

To achieve the investment objectives, this fund shall be invested with a target of 50%- 75% in money market and fixed income instruments, and 25%-50% in equity instruments.

Return Performance

Last 1-year Period	1.18%
Best Month	Nov-22 2.32%
Worst Month	Jun-22 -2.07%

Portfolio Breakdown

Bonds	69.59%
Equity	29.82%
Money Market	0.59%

Top 10 Holding

(in Alphabetical Order)

- Bank Central Asia
- Bank Mandiri Persero
- Bank Rakyat Indonesia
- FR0059 7% 15/5/27
- FR0068 8.375% 15/3/34
- FR0070 8.375% 15/3/24
- FR0078 8.25% 15/5/29
- FR0087 6.5% 02/15/31
- FR0096 7% 15/02/2033
- Telekomunikasi Indonesia

Industry Sector

Government	64.25%
Finance	12.07%
Infrastructure	5.92%
Basic Industry	4.63%
Technology	4.28%
Industry	2.95%
Consumer Non-Cyclical	2.26%
Consumer Cyclical	1.22%
Health	1.12%
Energy	0.91%
Property	0.39%

Key Fund Facts

Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 2.91
Risk Level	Moderate
Launch Date	23 Aug 2021
Fund Currency	Indonesia Rupiah
Launch Date NAV Price	IDR 1,000.00
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Investment Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	2,843,141.5375

Price per Unit

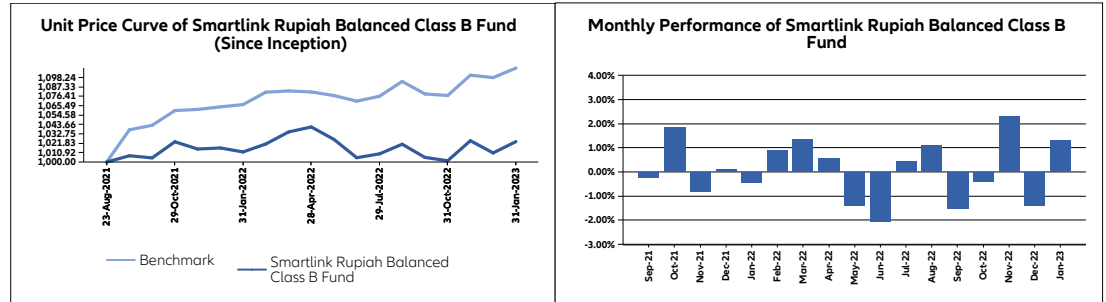
(As of Jan 31, 2023)	IDR 1,023.67
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Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Smartlink Rupiah Balanced Class B Fund	1.30%	2.22%	1.41%	1.18%	N/A	N/A	1.30%	2.37%
Benchmark*	1.01%	2.96%	3.04%	3.97%	N/A	N/A	1.01%	10.92%

*25% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) & 75% IBPA Indonesia IDR Government Bond Index (IBPRXGTR)

(Benchmark assessment; before Feb 2022: 25% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI), 50% IBPA Indonesia Government Bond Total Return Index (IBPRTRI) & 25% average time deposit (3 months) from Mandiri, BNI, BTN, Danamon, and CIMB Niaga)


Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced Jan 2023 inflation at +0.34% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.45%, +0.66% in Dec 2022). On yearly basis, inflation was at +5.28% yoy (vs consensus inflation +5.40%, +5.51% in Dec 2022). Core inflation was printed at +3.27% yoy (vs consensus inflation +3.30%, +3.25% in Dec 2022). The lower monthly inflation was impacted by the lower inflation on volatile food and administered prices group. The lower inflation on volatile food group was caused by the deflation on chicken and tomato commodity, while the lower inflation on administered prices group was impacted by the deflation on airfare and fuel prices. The BI Board of Governors agreed on 18 - 19 Jan 2023 to increase the BI 7-Day Reverse Repo Rate by 25bps to be 5.75% and also increase the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates by 25bps to be 5.00% and 6.50%, respectively. In total, Bank Indonesia had increased their benchmark rate by 225bps up to Jan 2023. This decision for this policy is as front loaded, pre-emptive and forward-looking movement to lower the expectation inflation and to ensure the core inflation back to their target level at 3±1% on 1H 2023. Mr Perry Warjiyo mentioned that the latest rate hike was sufficient to bring the inflation back to their target. The Deposit Insurance Corporation (LPS) raised the Guaranteed Interest Rate for Rupiah in Commercial Bank and Rural Bank by 25bps to 4.00% and 6.50% respectively. Meanwhile, they also raised the Guaranteed Interest Rate for foreign currency deposit (forex) in Commercial Bank to 2.00%. The increase in Guarantee Interest Rate is valid for the period 1 Feb 2023 to 31 May 2023. Rupiah appreciated against USD by +3.85% from 15,592 at end of December 2022 to 14,992 at end of January 2023. The appreciation of Rupiah was impacted by the weakening of Dollar currency and also the inflow from foreign investor to Indonesia's bond market. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +3,890mn in December 2022 vs previous month surplus USD +5,159mn in November 2022. The lower trade surplus was impacted by the lower non-oil and gas export which was in line with the lower commodity prices and also global slowing down. The import showed higher growth on volume term which the main driver was from capital goods imports. Non-oil and gas trade balance in Dec 2022 recorded surplus USD +5,613mn, which was lower than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +6,827mn in Nov 2022. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -1,725mn in Dec 2022, which was higher than the deficit in Nov 2022 amounting to USD -1,668mn. The Indonesia's actual GDP growth 4Q22 recorded +5.01% YoY (vs previous +5.72%, consensus +4.92%), and also recorded growth by +0.36% QoQ (vs previous +1.81%, consensus +0.35%). In conclusion, the FY2022 grew by +5.31% YoY compared FY 2021. The household consumption which accounts by +51.87% of Indonesia's GDP, grew by +4.93% YoY in line with Indonesia's economic recovery. The better growth was also supported by the export number which grew by +16.28% YoY which accounts by +24.49% of Indonesia's GDP. The higher growth on export was impacted by the higher global commodity prices. However, the government consumption which was accounted by 7.66% of Indonesia's GDP, contracted by -4.51% YoY in 2022. Indonesia's official reserve assets position amassed USD 139.4 billion as of end January 2023, increased from USD137.2billion as of end December 2022. The increment was impacted by the issuance of government global bonds as well as tax & service receipts.

IDR Government bond yields mostly posted lower across all the curves except the 5yr and 15yr which were higher. The bullish Indonesia's bond market was supported by the onshore banks and offshore names. The positive sentiments from foreign investor inflow were impacted by the expectation for rate hike slowing down in the following months by FED due to better US economic indicators, such as: easing US inflation and softening US initial jobless claims. While from the domestic side, the comment from Governor Bank Indonesia that stated the latest rate hike was sufficient to bring the inflation level back to their target, also gave positive sentiments to Indonesia's bond market. Offshore accounts increased their holding by IDR +49.70tn in Jan 2023 (+6.52% MoM), from IDR 762.19tn as of 30 Dec 2022 to IDR 811.89tn as of 31 Jan 2023 which brought their holding to 15.10% of total outstanding tradable government bond (from 14.36% in the previous month). The 5Y yield Jan 2023 ended +18bps higher to +6.38%(vs +6.20% in Dec 2022), 10Y tenor ended -23bps lower to +6.71%(vs +6.94% in Dec 2022), 15Y tenor ended +4bps higher to +6.88% (vs +6.84% in Dec 2022) and 20Y tenor ended -19bps lower to +6.92% (vs +7.11% in Dec 2022).

The JCI ended the month lower at 6,839.34 (-0.16% MoM). Market laggards were BBRI, ADRO, BYAN, BEBS, and TPIA as they fell -6.12%, -17.82%, -4.29%, -19.59%, and -10.12% MoM respectively. Global equities posted a strong rally in January as the market began to price in the growing possibility of Fed first rate cut in 4Q23 on the expectation that inflation will moderate. Job growth and rent prices, although remain tight, has started to show signs of deceleration, which should contribute well to the upcoming inflation data print. Warmer than expected winter in Europe also helped to fuel equity rally in the region as natural gas prices have gone back to below pre-Ukraine and Russian war. Moving on to Indonesia, JCI ended January returns with slight decline of -0.2%, as we saw big foreign outflows from the Indonesia equity market on the back of flows rotation towards the lagging equity indices ie. China, Korea, Taiwan and the developed market ie. Europe and the U.S. Sector wise, the Energy Sector was the worst performing sector during the month, declining 4.75% MoM. Ticker wise, INPS (Indah Prakasa Sentosa) and PTIS (Indo Straits) were the laggards, depreciating 52.54% and 34.17% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Consumer Cyclical Sector which dropped 3.49% MoM. Ticker wise, ZATA (Bersama Zatta) and FILM (MD Pictures) posted 52.17% and 50.26% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best sector during the month was the Technology Sector, which recorded a gain of 6.19% MoM. Ticker wise, WIRG (Wir Asia Tbk) and GOTO (Goto Gojek Tokopedia) were the movers which rose 37.40% and 23.08% MoM respectively.

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