

SMARTWEALTH US DOLLAR EQUITY INDOASIA CLASS B FUND

January 2022

BLOOMBERG: AZUSIAB IJ

Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 80 - 100% in equity instruments (directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds) and 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits). Furthermore, the fund shall be invested in equity instruments in the Asia Pacific region, excluding Japan, not exceeding 20% of the fund.

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	93.20%
Mutual Fund - ETF	1.81%
Cash/Deposit	4.99%

Top 10 Stocks Holding

(in Alphabetical Order)
 Bank Central Asia
 Bank Jago Tbk
 Bank Mandiri Persero
 Bank Rakyat Indonesia
 Elang Mahkota Teknologi
 Merdeka Copper Gold
 Surya Citra Media
 Telekomunikasi Indonesia
 Tencent Holdings Ltd
 Tower Bersama Infrastruct

Country Breakdown (Stock)

Indonesia	76.58%
Philippines	0.00%
Hongkong	10.28%
South Korea	3.41%
Malaysia	0.00%
Singapore	0.07%
Taiwan	2.86%
Thailand	0.00%

Key Fund Facts

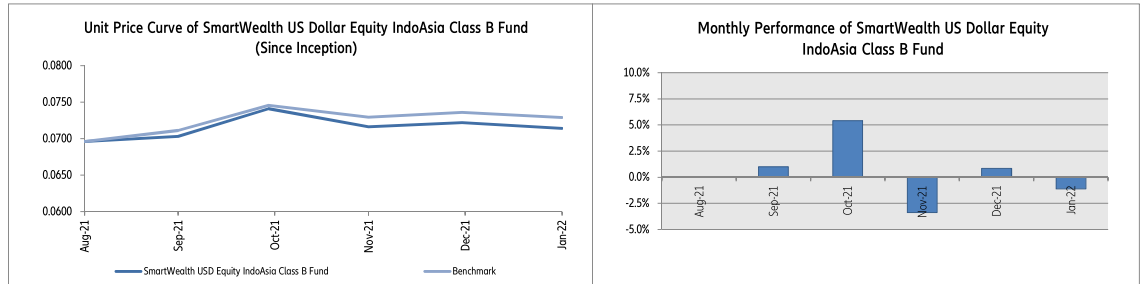
Fund Size (in mn USD)	USD 2.32
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	Sep 01, 2021
Fund Currency	United States Dollar
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia

Price per Unit	
(As of Jan 31, 2022)	USD 0.0714

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	YTD	Since Inception
SmartWealth US Dollar Equity IndoAsia Class B	-1.11%	-2.31%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-1.11%	2.59%
Benchmark*	-0.94%	-0.84%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-0.94%	4.75%

*80% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) and 20% MSCI AC Far East Ex-Japan Index (MXFEI)



Manager Commentary

The Asian market had an overall return of -1.89% for the month of January. The top performers for the month were Philippines (+4.08%) and Hong Kong (+1.01%). The bottom performers for the region were Korea (-10.15%) and Australia (-8.76%). The Philippines was a top performer led by the consumer discretionary and financials sectors. Hong Kong was a top performer led by the consumer discretionary and consumer staples sectors. Korea was a bottom performer due to a lagging performance in the communication services and health care sectors. Australia was a bottom performer due to a lagging performance in the information technology and health care sectors.

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced January 2022 inflation +0.56% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.56%, +0.57% in Dec 2021). On yearly basis, inflation was +2.18% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.17%, +1.87% in Dec 2021). Core inflation was printed at +1.84% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.70%, +1.56% in Dec 2021). The slightly lower monthly inflation was impacted by the lower inflation on volatile food and administered prices group. While, the increment on core inflation was caused by the higher inflation on car commodity and also house rent in line with the reduction of mobility restriction. The BI Board of Governors agreed on 29-20 January 2022 to hold the BI 7-Day Reverse Repo Rate at 3.50%, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 2.75% and 4.25%, respectively. This policy is in line with stable inflation, exchange rate and financial system amid higher external pressure. However, Bank Indonesia plan to increase rupiah reserve requirements gradually by up to 300bps for conventional banks and by up to 150bps for sharia banks and sharia business units. Rupiah depreciated against USD by -0.79% from 14,278 at end of Dec 2021 to 14,392 at end of Jan 2022. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD 1,019mn in Dec 2021 vs previous month surplus USD 3,513mn in Nov 2021. The lower trade surplus was caused by higher import on oil import which was in line with better mobility index, while for the non-oil and gas sector, the increasing of imports was impacted by the machineries, vaccine goods related, and also healthcare related. Non-oil and gas trade balance in Dec 2021 recorded surplus USD +3,304mn, which was lower than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +5,206mn in Nov 2021. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -2,285mn in Dec 2021, which was higher than the deficit in Nov 2021 amounting to USD -1,693mn. The Indonesia' actual GDP growth 4Q21 recorded +5.02% YoY (vs previous +3.51%, consensus +4.81%), and also recorded growth by +1.06% QoQ (vs previous +1.55%, consensus +1.01%). The consumption which accounts more than 50% of Indonesia's GDP, was grew by +3.55% YoY in line with Indonesia's economic recovery, while government spending also grew with positive growth by +5.25% which was supported by additional stimulus budget to overcome the impact of Covid-19. The better growth was also supported by the export number which grew by +29.83% YoY which was impacted by the better global commodity prices and global recovery. Indonesia's official foreign reserve in the end of Jan 2022 was at USD 141.3bn, slightly lower than Dec 2021 number at USD 144.9bn due to external debt payment and reduction of banks' foreign currency placement in Bank Indonesia.

The JCI ended the month higher at 6,631.15 (+0.75% MoM). Market movers were BBKA, ADMR, BYAN, TPIA, and BBHI as they rose 4.45%, 1.170%, 36.30%, 20.48%, and 41.49% MoM respectively. Global stock markets suffered heavy correction in the month of January as the market begins pricing in the possibility of an even faster monetary tightening by the Fed given the persistent inflation rate in the country. The U.S. consumer price index rose another 0.5% MoM to end the year at 7% YoY, indicating that the global supply shortage situation still persists and there is no indication when this will begin to subside. During its monthly meeting, the Fed said that it is likely to hike interest rates in March and reaffirmed plans to end its bond purchases that month to battle the high inflation. Following the Fed hawkish comment, Consensus is now baking in 3-4 rate hike this year with the first-rate hike to begin in March. Moving to Indonesia, Indonesia stock market was more resilient compared to other regions as investors remain optimistic on the growth development within the country, which was seen through Indonesia's improving current account deficit on the back of rising commodity prices as well as government more focus on down streaming investments. On the valuation, the Indonesia stock benchmark currently trades at 2022 earnings multiple of 15.2x, which is slightly above its mean but considering the already low foreign investors positioning combined with improving economic activity, strong commodity prices, upcoming tax amnesty and more technology company IPOs, we believe this will improve investors' appetite in Indonesian stock market going forward. Sector wise, the Energy Sector was the best performing sector during the month, gaining 13.64% MoM. Ticker wise, ADMR (Adaro Minerals Indonesia) and BSMI (Bintang Samudera Mandiri) were the movers, appreciating 1,170% and 154.64% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Transportation and Logistic Sector which rallied 6.60% MoM. Ticker wise, CMPP (Atrasia Indonesia) and SDMU (Sidomulyo Selaras) posted 163.95% and 42.65% MoM gains respectively. On the other hand, the worst sector during the month was the Technology Sector, which recorded a decline of 12.26% MoM. Ticker wise, TECH (Indosterling Technomedia) and HDIT (Hensel Davest Indonesia) were the laggards, which fell 36.76% and 31.76% MoM respectively.

About Allianz Indonesia

PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia was founded in 1996 and is part of Allianz Asia Pacific which has been present in the region since 1910. Allianz Group is a leading insurance company and asset manager in the world with over 129 years of experience and provides a variety of personal and insurance services, companies, ranging from property, life and health insurance to credit insurance and business insurance services globally.

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