ALLISYA RUPIAH FIXED INCOME FUND

January 2022

BLOOMBERG: AZSRPFI IJ

Investment Objective

The Objective of the fund is to provide relatively stable income with capital preservation for the long term.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 0 - 20% in short-term sharia instruments (such as deposits of sharia, sharia SBI, sharia SPN, and / or money market mutual funds), and 80 - 100% in medium or long term instruments (such as sharia bonds, sharia corporate bonds and / or sharia fixed income mutual funds).

Return Performance

Last 1-year Period		2.77%
Best Month	Nov-18	3.58%
Worst Month	Nov-13	-3.68%

Portfolio Breakdown

Treasury Bonds	87.90%
Sharia Cash/Deposit	12.10%

Top Ten Bonds Holding

(in Alphabetical Order)

IFR0006 15/03/2030 PBS004 15/02/2037 PBS012 15/11/2031 PBS017 15/10/2025 PBS022 15/04/2034 PBS025 15/05/2033 PBS026 15/10/2024 PBS028 15/10/2046 PBS029 15/03/2034

PBS032 15/07/2026 **Key Fund Facts**

Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 225.24
Risk Profile	Moderate
Launch Date	25 Apr 2006
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Launch Date NAV Price	IDR 1,000.00
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	95,507,661.0908

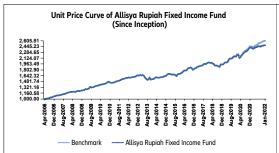
Price per Unit	Bid	Offer		
(As of Jan 31, 2022)	IDR 2,358.32	IDR 2,482.44		

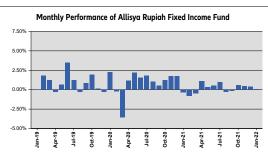
Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Allisya Rupiah Fixed Income Fund	0.09%	0.91%	1.06%	2.77%	27.08%	34.28%	0.09%	148.24%
Benchmark*	0.31%	1.54%	3.46%	6.25%	N/A	N/A	0.31%	N/A

^{*}IBPA Govt Sukuk Index (IGSIX)

(Benchmark assessment; using benchmark since Oct 2021, backdated to Nov 2019; before Nov 2019, data is not available)





Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced January 2022 inflation +0.56% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.56%, +0.57% in Dec 2021). On yearly basis, inflation was +2.18% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.17%, +1.87% in Dec 2021). Core inflation was printed at +1.84% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.70%, +1.56% in Dec 2021). The slightly lower monthly inflation was impacted by the lower inflation on volatile food and administered prices group. While, the increment on core inflation was caused by the higher inflation on car commodity and also house rent in line with the reduction of mobility restriction. The BI Board of Governors agreed on 29-20 January 2022 to hold the BI 7-Day Reverse Repo Rate at 3.50%, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 2.75% and 4.25%, respectively. This policy is in line with stable inflation, exchange rate and financial system amid higher external pressure. However, Bank Indonesia plan to increase rupiah reserve requirements gradually by up to 300bps for conventional banks and by up to 150bps for sharria banks and sharia business units. Rupiah depreciated against USD by -0.79% from 14,278 at end of Dec 2021 to 14,392 at end of Jan 2022. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD 1,019mn in Dec 2021 vs previous month surplus USD 3,513mn in Nov 2021. The lower trade surplus was caused by higher import on oil import which was in line with better mobility index, while for the non-oil and gas sector, the increasing of imports was impacted by the machineries, vaccine goods related, and also healthcare related. Non-oil and gas trade balance in Dec 2021 recorded surplus USD +3,204mn, which was limper than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +5,206mn in Nov 2021. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -2,285mn in Dec 2021, which was higher than the deficit in Nov 2021 amounting to USD +1,693mn. The Indonesia' actual GDP growth 4021 recorded +5,02% YoY (vs previous +3,51%, consensus

IDR Government bond yields were mostly closed higher across all curves in line with offshore outflows except 20yr tenor. Market was opened with bearish tone on the back of negative global sentiments, especially coming from US, such as: hawkish tone from FED (the expectation of raising benchmark rate by 4 times this year), higher US Treasury yield (breach 1.8% level), higher inflation data, and also raising of Omicron new cases. While, market cheered up by the plan of Bank Indonesia to increase the GWM up to 300bps for conventional banks and 150bps for sharia banks with the purpose to normalized iquidity. But the significant raising of Omicron new cases in Indonesia added negative sentiment to the market. Offshore accounts decreased their holding by IDR -4.06tn in January 2022 (-0.46% MoM), from IDR 891.34tn as of 31 Dec 2021 to IDR 887.28tn as of 31 Jan 2022, which brought their holding to 18.97% of total outstanding tradable government bond (from 19.05% in the previous month). The 5Y yield Jan 2022 ended +13bps higher to +5.23%(vs +5.10% in Dec 2021), 10Y tenor ended +6bps higher to +6.44% (vs +6.38% in Dec 2021), 15Y tenor ended +16bps higher to +6.43% (vs +6.27% in Dec 2021) and 20Y tenor ended -14bps lower to +6.94% (vs +7.08% in Dec 2021).

About Allianz Indonesia

PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia was founded in 1996 and is part of Allianz Asia Pacific which has been present in the region since 1910. Allianz Group is a leading insurance company and asset manager in the world with over 129 years of experience and provides a variety of personal and insurance services, companies, ranging from property, life and health insurance to credit insurance and business insurance services globally.

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