

SMARTWEALTH RUPIAH EQUITY INDOASIA FUND

January 2020

BLOOMBERG: AZRPIAS:J

Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 80 - 100% in equity instruments (directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds) and 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits). Furthermore, the fund shall be invested in equity instruments in the Asia Pacific region, excluding Japan, not exceeding 20% of the fund.

Return Performance

Last 1-year period		-6.71%
Best Month	Oct-11	8.45%
Worst Month	Aug-11	-9.47%

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	94.64%
Cash/Deposit	5.36%

Top Five Stocks Holding

Bank Central Asia	10.08%
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	6.77%
Bank Mandiri Persero	5.48%
Telekomunikasi Indonesia	4.24%
Astra International	4.19%

Country Breakdown (Stock)

Indonesia	77.27%
Philippines	0.00%
Hongkong	9.52%
South Korea	2.74%
Malaysia	0.83%
Singapore	0.04%
Taiwan	2.51%
Thailand	1.72%

Key Fund Facts

Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 584.65
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	05 May 2011
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	416,491,213.88

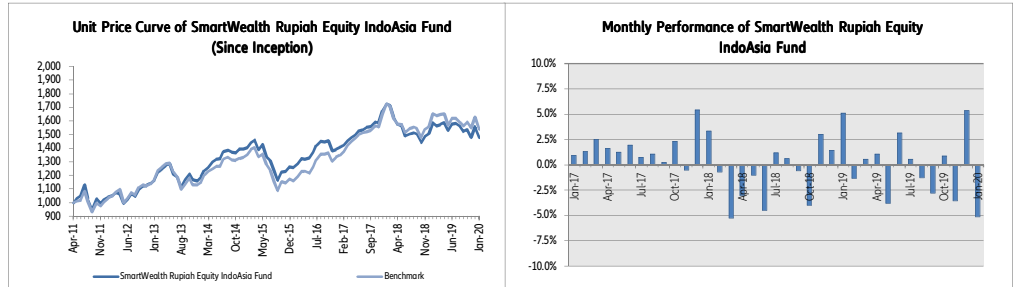
Price per Unit	Bid	Offer
(As of Jan 31, 2020)	IDR 1,403.75	IDR 1,477.63

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
SmartWealth Rupiah Equity IndoAsia	-5.16%	-3.65%	-6.70%	-6.71%	6.40%	-5.16%	47.76%
Benchmark*	-5.99%	-3.29%	-5.08%	-6.80%	15.58%	-5.59%	53.85%

*80% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) and 20% MSCI AC Far East Ex-Japan Index (MXFEI)

(New benchmark assessment as of May 2012; previously: Jakarta Composite Index (JCI))



Manager Commentary

The Asian market had an overall return of -4.66% for the month of January. The top performer for the month was Australia (+0.09%). The bottom performers for the region were Thailand (-8.56%) and the Philippines (-8.01%). Australia was the only region that recorded a gain for the month lead by the healthcare sector. Thailand was a bottom performer due to the lagging performance in the consumer discretionary and materials sectors. The Philippines was a bottom performer due to lagging performance in the consumer discretionary and industrials sectors.

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced January 2020 inflation at +0.39% MoM (vs consensus inflation +0.46%, +0.34% in December 2019). On yearly basis, inflation was +2.68% YoY (vs consensus inflation +2.84%, +2.72% in December 2019). Core inflation was printed at +2.88% YoY (vs consensus inflation +3.00%, +3.02% in December 2019). The MoM inflation was higher compared December 2019 which was mostly contributed by the higher inflation on raw food, beverage, and tobacco group. The higher of food prices was mostly affected by flood in the beginning of January 2020. While, the increasing of tobacco prices itself was caused by the implementation of tobacco excise per January 2020. In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 22nd and 23rd January 2020, Bank Indonesia kept the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate unchanged on 5.00%, also maintaining the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 4.25% and 5.75%, respectively. This policy is still supported by manageable inflation that within target range as well. Rupiah appreciated by -1.75% to 13,662/USD at end of December 2019 from 13,901/USD in previous month. Indonesia's trade balance recorded deficit amounting to USD -28mn in December 2019 vs previous month deficit USD -1,331mn. The lower deficit in Dec 2019 was helped by higher export number on non-oil and gas export (CPO export increased 25.80% MoM). Non-oil and gas trade balance in December 2019 recorded surplus USD +942mn, while the previous month resulted deficit amounting to USD -300.8mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -971mn in December 2019, lower than the deficit on November 2019 amounting to USD -1,029mn. The lower deficit was helped by increasing in crude oil export compared with previous month. The Indonesia' actual GDP growth 4Q19 recorded 4.97%YoY, lower than the previous quarter of 5.02%YoY. Throughout 2019, economic growth recorded 5.02%, lower compared to 5.17% in FY2018. Growth was mainly caused by private consumption which grew 4.97% in FY 2019. Even though, the private consumption still grew positively, it was lower compared with growth in FY 2018, 5.08% YoY. The lower consumption growth was reflected in the slowing down of retail sales and motorcycle & car sales. Overall, the slowing down of Indonesia's economy was affected by slowing down of global trade and investment.

The JCI ended the month lower at 5,940.05 (-5.71% MoM). Market laggards were BBCA, TPIA, ASII, UNVR, and TLKM as they fell -3.07%, -15.42%, -8.3%, -5.36% and -4.28% MoM respectively. Index started the year positively up until mid-January 2020 as US-China phase one trade deal was struck as well as early indications of improvement in manufacturing activity and global trade. However it all came to a grinding halt when the Corona virus emerged one week before Chinese New Year which sent shockwaves through global equity markets, including Indonesia, despite the backdrop of a stronger Rupiah currency and improved macro outlook. Although at this juncture, the evidence have not been as severe as SARS back in 2002-2003, today China is far more important as both the epicenter of global supply chain and consumption, thus leading to disruptions towards global supply chain and consumption in the short term. Sector wise, the Agriculture Sector was the worst performing sector during the month, declining 12.58% MoM. Ticker wise, BWPT (Eagle High Plantations) and LSIP (Perusahaan Perkebunan London Sumatra Ind) were the laggards, depreciating 26.75% and 20.88% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector which dropped 10.43% MoM. Ticker wise, BKSJ (Sentul City) and BAPA (Bekasi Asri Pemula) posted 31.76% and 28.17% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best amongst the worst sector during the month was the Finance Sector, which recorded a decline of 2.83% MoM. Ticker wise, IBFN (Intan Baruprana Finance) and GSMF (Equity Development Investment) were the laggards which fell 57.02% and 17% MoM respectively

About Allianz Indonesia

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