# SMARTWEALTH EQUITY INDOCONSUMER FUND September 2019

### **BLOOMBERG: AZRPCON:IJ**

## **Investment Objective**

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

#### Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits, SBI, SPN, and / or money market mutual funds) and 80 -100% in equity instruments in the consumer sector (either directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds).

## **Return Performance**

Last 1-year Period Best Month Worst Month	Feb-16 Apr-15	-7.10% 9.38% -7.68%
Portfolio Breakdown		
Equity Mutual Funds - Equities Cash/Deposit		90.23% 3.37% 6.40%
Top Five Stocks Holding		
Unilever Indonesia Astra International Indofood CBP Sukses Makmu Hanjaya Mandala Sampoerna Merdeka Copper Gold		18.14% 13.75% 9.07% 8.67% 6.42%

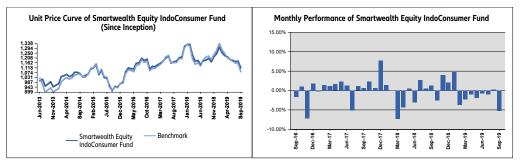
# **Key Fund Facts**

Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 51.38
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	17 Jun 2013
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.

ſ	Price per Unit	Bid	Offer	
	(As of Sep 30, 2019)	IDR 1,061.19	IDR 1,117.04	

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Smartwealth Equity IndoConsumer Fund	-5.18%	-5.73%	-9.02%	-7.10%	-5.64%	-10.26%	11.70%
Benchmark*	-6.16%	-7.87%	-13.10%	-11.43%	-7.20%	-15.10%	8.39%
*Benchmark based on GICS sectoral equities classification (developed by MSCI and S&P) which include consumer staples and consumer discretionary sector							



#### Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced September 2019 deflation at -0.27% mom (vs consensus inflation -0.15%, +0.12% in August 2019). The deflation in this month was caused by decrement on food prices, especially chilli prices. On yearly basis, inflation was +3.39% yoy (vs consensus inflation +3.52%, +3.49% in August 2019). The contributor of yearly inflation was still affected by the increment of school fees ahead of new school academic year and clothing prices. Core inflation was printed at +3.32% yoy (vs consensus inflation +3.30%, +3.30% in August 2019). In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 18th and 19th September 2019, Bank Indonesia cut the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate by 25bps to be 5.25%, while also cut the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates by 25bps to be 4.50% and 6.00%, respectively. The reason for this policy is due to Indonesia's inflation is still lower enough. Bank Indonesia also do refinement for macro prudential policies for LTV and RIM. Rupiah appreciated by +0.44% to 14,174/USD at end of September 2019 from 14,237/USD in previous month. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +85.1mn in August 2019 vs previous month. Hot import growth was declining this month, but import growth declined faster than export growth. Thus, it impacted surplus amounting to USD 0.079bn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -0.756bn in August 2019, worsen than deficit on July 2019 amounting to USD -0.142bn. The deficit was still caused by higher oil products imports. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of September 2019 was at USD 126.4billion. The decrement in the reserve assets per Aug 2019 was caused by government external debts repayments.

The JCI ended the month lower at 6,169.1 (-2.52% MoM). Market laggards were HMSP, GGRM, UNVR, BBRI, and TLKM as they fell -14.87%, -24.61%, -4.81%, -3.51% and -3.15% MoM respectively. The stock market continued its decline in September as global leading indicators continues to show weakness. A stubborn global PMI at below 50 also triggered several central banks to cut interest rates to stimulate economic growth. On the domestic front, the government's plan to raise cigarette excise tax by 23% in 2020 which puts a pressure on cigarette names in addition to a benign grassroots wage growth. The Banking/Financial sector also showed strains as asset quality ticked upwards slightly and loan book growth looks to set on the softer side in months to come. Domestic consumption data early indicators looks weak as well as retailers post a softer trajectory same stores sales growth. The lack of short term catalyst had resulted in the JCI to contract by a notable -2.52% MoM. Sector wise, the Consumer Sector was the worst performing sector during the week, declining 8.08% MoM. Ticker wise, INAF (Indofarma Persero) and GGRM (Gudang Garam) were the laggards, depreciating 24.75% and 24.61% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Basic Industry Sector which dropped 3.62% MoM. Ticker wise, YPAS (Yanaprima Hastapersada) and ALMI (Alumindo Light Metal Industry) posted 23.21% and 21.25% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best sector during the week was the Agriculture Sector, which recorded a gain of 124% MoM. Ticker wise, LSIP (Perusahaan Perkebunan London Sumatra) and ANJT (Austindo Nusantara Jaya) were the movers which rese 6.64% and 4.46% MoM respectively.

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