

SMARTWEALTH EQUITY INDOCONSUMER FUND

January 2021

BLOOMBERG: AZRPCON IJ

Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits, SBI, SPN, and / or money market mutual funds) and 80 - 100% in equity instruments in the consumer sector (either directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds).

Return Performance

| | | |
|--------------------|--------|---------|
| Last 1-year Period | | -11.60% |
| Best Month | Feb-16 | 9.38% |
| Worst Month | Feb-20 | -12.45% |

Portfolio Breakdown

| | |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Equity | 94.36% |
| Mutual Funds - Equities | 4.75% |
| Cash/Deposit | 0.88% |

Top Five Stocks Holding

| | |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Unilever Indonesia | 21.36% |
| Astra International | 18.42% |
| Hanjaya Mandala Sampoerna | 10.18% |
| Indofood CBP Sukses Makmur | 8.36% |
| Mayora Indah | 5.04% |

Key Fund Facts

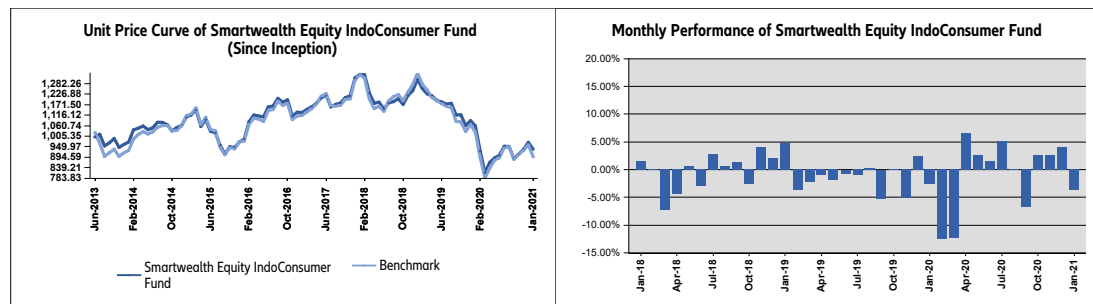
| | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Fund Size (in bn IDR) | IDR 36.14 |
| Risk Profile | Aggressive |
| Launch Date | 17 Jun 2013 |
| Fund Currency | Indonesian Rupiah |
| Pricing Frequency | Daily |
| Bid-Offer Spread | 5.00% |
| Management Fee | 2.00% p.a. |
| Custodian Bank Name | Bank HSBC Indonesia |
| Total Unit | 40,614,588.5152 |

| Price per Unit | Bid | Offer |
|----------------------|------------|------------|
| (As of Jan 29, 2021) | IDR 889.89 | IDR 936.73 |

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

| | 1 Month | 3 Months | 6 Months | 1 Year | 3 Years | YTD | Since Inception |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|-----------------|
| Smartwealth Equity IndoConsumer Fund | -3.71% | 2.89% | -1.58% | -11.60% | -29.58% | -3.71% | -6.33% |
| Benchmark* | -6.45% | -1.24% | -4.87% | -12.59% | -32.49% | -6.45% | -10.25% |

*Benchmark based on GICS sectoral equities classification (developed by MSCI and S&P) which include consumer staples and consumer discretionary sector



Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced January 2021 inflation at +0.26% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.35%, +0.45% on Dec 2020). On yearly basis, inflation was +1.55% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.68%, +1.68% on Dec 2020). Core inflation was printed at +1.56% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.55%, +1.60% on Dec 2020). The deceleration on monthly inflation was caused by the inflation deceleration of volatile foods group (lower chicken and red onion prices) and the deflation of administered prices group. The deflation of administered price was caused by the lower of air transportation cost after holiday season in December 2020. The core inflation recorded higher data which was supported by higher commodity prices. The BI Board of Governors agreed on 20-21 January 2021 to hold the BI 7-Day Reverse Repo Rate at 3.75%, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 3.00% and 4.50%, respectively. This policy was in line with the inflation expectation remain low, maintain external stability, and to accelerate the economic recovery. Rupiah appreciated against USD by 0.15% from 14,105 at end of December 2020 to 14,084 at end of January 2021. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +2,102mn in Dec 2020 vs previous month surplus USD +2,612mn. The increment of export volume of iron & steel to China is still be the main contributor to the higher export number. Total import showed improvement with better growth number by 14% MoM which was supported by imports of machineries. On the annual figure, the total trade surplus for 2020 was amounting to USD 21.7bn (versus -USD 3.6bn in 2019). Non-oil and gas trade balance in Dec 2020 recorded surplus USD +2,565mn, which was lower than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +2,935mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -463mn in Dec 2020, which was higher than the deficit on Nov 2020 amounting to USD -323mn. The Indonesia's actual GDP growth 4Q20 recorded -2.19% YoY (vs previous -3.49%, consensus -2.3%), and also recorded contraction by -0.42% QoQ (vs previous +5.05%, consensus -0.22%). Throughout 2020, economic growth contracted by -2.07% which is still in line government's expectation, but lower compared to 5.02% in FY2019. This is the first annual contraction since the 1998 Asian Financial Crisis. The consumption which accounts almost 60% of Indonesia's GDP, is contracted by -2.63% YoY, while only government spending still recorded positive growth by +1.94% which was supported by additional stimulus budget to overcome the impact of Covid-19. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of January 2021 was at USD 138.00 billion, higher than December 2020's number at USD 135.90 billion. The higher of foreign reserve was caused by the issuance of global bonds and government's tax revenue.

The JCI ended the month lower at 5,862.35 (-1.95% MoM). Market laggards were HMSP, BRPT, TLKM, UNVR, and MAYA as they fell -12.96%, -19.55%, -6.04%, -5.78% and -34.77% MoM respectively. Global equities fell on uncertainties of the US new fiscal aid package, worsening pandemic situation across the world leading to stricter restrictions in countries such as Europe and in Indonesia. In addition, there has also been uncertain vaccine effectiveness against the new COVID-19 strain that were seen in the UK and South Africa. The "stock market divide" between the retail traders and short-positioned hedge funds in the US also added fuel to volatility in the market. Moving back to Indonesia, the JCI Index pulled back significantly in the 4th week of Jan-21 which brought the index to a -7% WoW losses and erasing its YTD gain in 2021. Many see stretched valuation matrix, together with the rising COVID-19 daily new cases that have broken above 10k/day average daily cases with 30% positivity rate have triggered some profit taking in the market. Overall, despite a short-term correction in the beginning of 2021, global vaccination roll-out will be the key as well as effectiveness over the new strain which will serve as a leading indicator of economic activity recovery in 2021 and 2022. Sector wise, the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector was the worst performing sector during the month, declining 8.03% MoM. Ticker wise, KIJA (Kawasan Industri Jababeka) and BCIP (Bumi Citra Permai) were the laggards, depreciating 29.44% and 28% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Agriculture Sector which dropped 7.84% MoM. Ticker wise, SSMS (Sawit Sumbermas Sarana) and DSFI (Dharma Samudera Fishing Industries) posted 24.8% and 21.95% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best sector during the month was the Trade, Service and Investment Sector, which recorded a gain of 4.4% MoM. Ticker wise, ECII (Electronic City Indonesia) and SRTG (Saratoga Investama Sedaya) were the movers which rose 56.49% and 45.77% MoM respectively.

About Allianz Indonesia

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