

SMARTWEALTH US DOLLAR EQUITY INDOASIA FUND

May 2019

BLOOMBERG: AZUSIAS:J

Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to provide maximum long term investment yield.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objective, this fund shall be invested 80 - 100% in equity instruments (directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds) and 0 - 20% in short-term instruments (such as deposits). Furthermore, the fund shall be invested in equity instruments in the Asia Pacific region, excluding Japan, not exceeding 20% of the fund. This fund is a conversion of the Smartwealth IndoAsia Equity Fund (IDR). The unit price for the USD is calculated using the Bank Indonesia's middle rate.

Return Performance

Last 1-year period		-4.42%
Best Month	Oct-15	14.32%
Worst Month	Aug-13	-11.54%

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	92.83%
Cash/Deposit	7.17%

Top Five Stocks Holding

Bank Central Asia	8.15%
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	6.03%
Bank Mandiri Persero	5.31%
Hanjaya Mandala Sampoerna	4.48%
Telekomunikasi Indonesia	4.36%

Country Breakdown (Stock)

Indonesia	75.59%
Philippines	0.00%
Hongkong	9.66%
South Korea	2.94%
Malaysia	1.06%
Singapore	0.03%
Taiwan	1.60%
Thailand	1.95%

Key Fund Facts

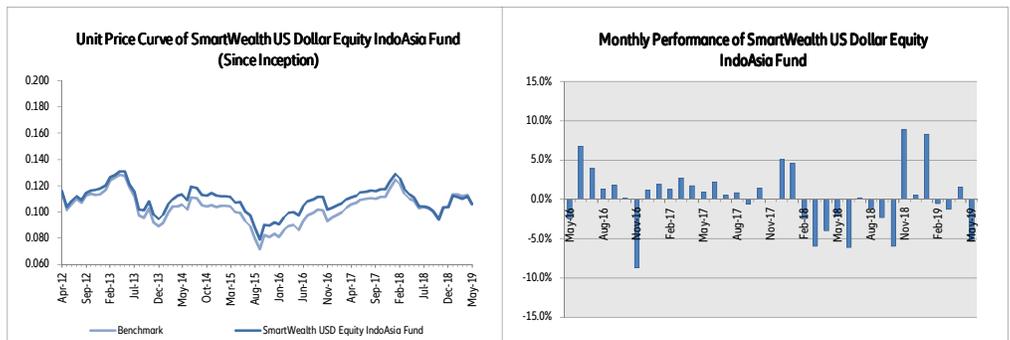
Fund Size (in mn USD)	USD 53.42
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	01 May 2012
Fund Currency	United States Dollar
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.

Price per Unit	Bid	Offer
(As of May 31, 2019)	USD 0.1007	USD 0.1060

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
SmartWealth US Dollar Equity IndoAsia	-5.27%	-5.02%	2.81%	-4.42%	8.83%	2.32%	-8.46%
Benchmark*	-6.56%	-7.11%	1.88%	-2.81%	22.31%	1.64%	-8.93%

*80% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) and 20% MSCI AC Far East Ex-Japan Index (MXFEI)



Manager Commentary

The Asian market had an overall return of -7.22% for the month of May. Amongst Asian countries, the market top performers were the Philippines (+0.80%) and Australia (+0.73%). The region bottom performers were China (-13.05%) and Korea (-9.30%). Australia was a top performer for the month from benefiting from the Liberal Party's victory in the national elections which safeguarded policy stability. China and Korea suffered for the month being bottom performers due to the threat of higher tariffs and a weaker technology sector. The market ended the month lower as trade tensions continue to escalate between the US and China.

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced May 2019 inflation at +0.68% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.53%, +0.44% in April 2019). On yearly basis, inflation was +3.32% yoy (vs consensus inflation +3.13%, +2.83% in April 2019). Core inflation was printed at +3.12% yoy (vs consensus inflation +3.08%, +3.05% in April 2019). The inflation in this month was mainly contributed by increasing in foodstuffs price (red chili and chicken meat) and transportation cost (airfares) ahead of Ramadhan and Eid Fitri. In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 15th and 16th May 2019, Bank Indonesia kept the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate unchanged on 6.00%, while also maintaining the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 5.25% and 6.75% respectively. Rupiah depreciated by -1.20% to 14,385/USD at end of May 2019 from 14,215/USD in previous month. Indonesia's trade balance recorded deficit amounting to USD -2.502bn in April 2019 vs previous month surplus USD +0.540bn. The wider deficit was mostly caused by increasing in import for oil and gas, especially oil products, while export growth for oil and gas decreased by -32% compared previous month. Non-oil and gas trade balance in April 2019 recorded deficit USD -1.008bn, worse than the previous month which was surplus amounting to USD 0.989bn. The deficit was caused by decreasing of export for mineral fuels (coal). Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance recorded deficit to USD -1.493bn in April 2019, worse than deficit on March 2019 amounting to USD -0.448bn. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of May 2019 was at USD 120.35 billion, slightly lower than the April 2019 which stood at USD 124.30 billion. The decrement in the reserve assets per April 2019 was caused by overseas debt payment.

The JCI ended the month lower at 6209.12 (-3.81% MoM). Market laggards were BBRI, BDMN, BBN, HMSP, and BRPT as they fell -6.18%, -47.68%, -12.5%, -3.43% and -18.11% MoM respectively. Equity markets in the region, Indonesia Inclusive, reacted negatively in May as escalation in the trade war between US-China escalated which triggered investors to retreat from emerging markets on this uncertainty and worry. On the domestic side, Indonesia's trade balance posted negative USD 2.5bn, the biggest deficit in several decades triggering concerns that Indonesia could face twin deficit risk in 2Q19. Despite the positive Indonesian post-election result, the external uncertainty weighs in on the market by a larger magnitude. This resulted in the JCI correcting by a notable degree which made the broad market valuation more attractive at below 14x P/E. That being said however, near term catalysts looks benign at this stage. Sector wise, the Mining Sector was the worst performing sector during the week, declining 7.3% MoM. Ticker wise, SMRU (SMRU Utama) and KKGI (Resource Alam Indonesia) were the laggards, depreciating 29.38% and 27.14% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Basic Industry Sector which dropped 6.81% WoW. Ticker wise, SMBR (Semen Baturaja Persero) and NIKL (Pelat Timah Nusantara) posted 39.29% and 28.74% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best sector during the week was the Infrastructure, Utilities and Transportation Sector, which recorded a decline of 1.46% MoM. Ticker wise, BALI (Bali Towerindo Sentra) and SOCI (Soechi Lines) were the laggards which rose 18.67% and 16.57% MoM respectively.

Disclaimer:

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