# **SMARTLINK RUPIAH BALANCED FUND**

May 2020

### **BLOOMBERG: AZRPBLF:IJ**

### **Investment Objective**

The objective of this fund is to achieve conservative long term capital growth while earning more relatively stable income.

# Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objectives, this fund shall be invested with a target of 50%-75% in money market and fixed income instruments (such as deposits, SBI, SPN, and or money market mutual funds, government bonds, corporate bonds, and / or fixed-income mutual funds), and 25%-50% in equity instruments (either directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds).

#### **Return Performance**

Last 1-year Period		-2.91%
Best Month	Oct-07	12.71%
Worst Month	Oct-08	-17.27%

## Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	28.31%
Mutual Funds - Bonds	58.05%
Mutual Funds - Equities	0.77%
Mutual Funds - Alternatives	4.44%
Cash/Deposit	8.42%

# **Top Five Bonds Holding**

FR0068	3.76%
FR0056	3.54%
FR0070	3.29%
FR0078	3.01%
FR0059	2.60%

## **Top Five Stocks Holding**

Bank Central Asia	4.18%
Telekomunikasi Indonesia	2.48%
Unilever Indonesia	2.42%
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	1.94%
Merdeka Čopper Gold	1.42%

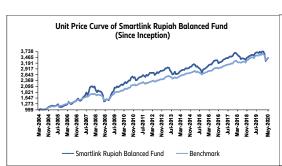
# **Key Fund Facts**

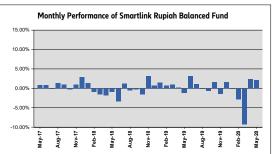
IDR 1,908.96
Moderate
08 Mar 2004
Indonesian Rupiah
Daily
5.00%
2.00% p.a.
Bank HSBC Indonesia
583,750,399.5026

Price per Unit	Bid	Offer
(As of May 29, 2020)	IDR 3,270.17	IDR 3,442.28

Managed by PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Smartlink Rupiah Balanced Fund	2.10%	-5.14%	-6.44%	-2.91%	1.09%	-7.92%	244.23%
Benchmark*	1.53%	-3.35%	-3.92%	0.14%	11.23%	-5.34%	243.56%
*25% Jakarta Composite Index (ICI) 50% Indonesia Bond Pricing Agency (IRPA) IDR Bond Index & 25% average time deposit (3 months) from Mandiri BNI BTN Dangmon and CIMB							





#### Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced May 2020 inflation at +0.07% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.10%, +0.08% in April 2020). On yearly basis inflation was +2.19% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.20%, +2.67% in April 2020). Core inflation was printed at +2.65% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.80%, +2.85% in April 2020). 2020). The inflation on May 2020 is the lowest inflation in festive season (Ramadhan & Idul Fitri) since 1998 which the food prices usually increased and could lead higher inflation, but in this year, there was deflation on volatile food group (declining of onion and chicken egg prices). In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 18-19 May 2020, Bank Indonesia hold the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate at 4.50% level, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 3.25% and 5.25% level, respectively. This policy is to support the rupiah stability, even though there are still room for Bank Indonesia to cut their benchmark rate. Rupiah appreciated by +2.79% to 14,733/USD at end of May 2020 from 15,157/USD previous month. Indonesia's trade balance recorded deficit amounting to USD -345mn in April 2020 vs previous month surplus USD +743.4mn. The trade deficit was caused by increment in non-oil and gas import where the increment was on importing electrical machinery (medical equipment supply). While the export number also lower on the back of lower coal export number which is caused by the weak price of commodity. Non-oil and gas trade balance in April 2020 recorded deficit USD -100.7mn, while the previous month recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +1,676mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -243mn in April 2020, which was lower than the deficit on March 2020 amounting to USD -932.6mn. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of May 2020 was at USD 130.5billion, higher than April 2020's number at USD 127.9billion. The increment of foreign reserve was affected by withdrawal external government debt and also the placement of banks' foreign currency in Bank Indonesia

IDR Government bond yields were closed lower across all curves in line with offshore inflows and also Rupiah appreciation. Market was bullish in May on the back of the rising of optimism for business across the world where many countries start to open their country again after implemented lockdown for couple months ago. Even though, there was still volatility which was mostly affected by the rising tension again between US and China. But, the offshore names were continuously coming to Indonesia market where they also reinvest their coupon payment. Offshore accounts increased their holding by IDR +7.07tn in May 2020 (+0.77% MoM), to IDR 931.83tn as of 29 May 2020 from 924.76tn as of 30 April 2020, which brought their holding to 30.54% of total outstanding tradable government bond (from 31.77% in the previous month). The 5Y yield May 2020 ended -44bps lower to +6.83% (+7.27% in April 2020), 10Y tenor ended -53bps lower to +7.35% (+7.88% in April 2020), 15Y tenor ended -28bps lower to +7.83% (+8.11% in April 2020) and 20Y tenor ended -28bps lower to +7.79% (+8.07% in April 2020).

The JCI ended the month higher at 4,753.61 (+0.79% MoM). Market movers were ASII, HMSP, BBRI, CPIN, and SMGR as they rose 23.9%, 21.63%, 8.06%, 25.54% and 23.27% MoM respectively. The Index closed the month in the positive territory as global equity market sentiment improved over several globally positive sentiments as continuation of plateauing daily infection numbers of COVID-19 cases and encouraging leading economy indicators globally which points out to recovery. The global manufacturing PMI rose in May, to 42.0 from 39.7 in April, which indicates economy showed signs of recovery despite some developing countries only beginning to relax social distancing measures halfway thru May. The pace of the recovery in the services sector continued at a faster than expected pace for now. Consumer activity in US has been recovering since mid-April and it has sustained going into the month of May. On the domestic front in Indonesia, government began to re-open some regions despite infection rates still being relatively high. While health concerns remain and 2nd wave or prolonged high infection rates still in question, economic impact is positive to Indonesia's largely consumption driven economy. The relaxation measures allow to what was regions that contributed 25-35% to GDP to recover in its productivity. Market has somewhat already largely priced in the bad news looking at the way market behaved, there was also some foreign flows buying into the market towards the tail end. However, how the longer term trajectory of the economic recovery will be determined from a combination of health issues, government monetary & fiscal policies which effectively determines purchasing power in the short to medium run. Sector wise, the Miscellaneous Industries Sector was the best performing sector during the month, gaining 17.02% MoM. Ticker wise, TFCO (Tifico Fiber Indonesia) and PBRX (Pan Brothers) were the movers, appreciating 85.95% and 80.82% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector which rallied 10.21% MoM. Ticker wise, IDPR (Indonesia Pondas) Raya) and SMDM (Suryamas Dutamakmur) posted 32.26% and 30.67% MoM gains respectively. On the other hand, the worst sector during the month was the Infrastructure, Utilities and Transportation Sector, which recorded a decline of 5.63% MoM. Ticker wise, INDY (Indika Energy) and BUKK (Bukaka Teknik Utama) were the laggards which fell 19.5% and 14.56% MoM respectively.

## About Allianz Indonesia

PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia was founded in 1996 and is part of Allianz Asia Pacific which has been present in the region since 1910. Allianz Group is a leading insurance company and asset manager in the world with over 129 years of experience and provides a variety of personal and insurance services. companies, ranging from property, life and health insurance to credit insurance and business insurance services globally.

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