SMARTLINK RUPIAH BALANCED FUND

January 2021

BLOOMBERG: AZRPBLF IJ

Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to achieve conservative long term capital growth while earning more relatively stable income.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objectives, this fund shall be invested with a target of 50%-75% in money market and fixed income instruments (such as deposits, SBI, SPN, and / or money market mutual funds, government bonds, corporate bonds , and / or fixed-income mutual funds), and 25%-50% in equity instruments (either directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds).

Return Performance

Last 1-year Period		5.28%
Best Month	Oct-07	12.71%
Worst Month	Oct-08	-17.27%

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	28.85%
Mutual Funds - Bonds	54.91%
Mutual Funds - Equities	0.72%
Mutual Funds - Alternatives	4.44%
Cash/Deposit	11.07%

Top Five Bonds Holding

FR0056	3.48%
FR0080	3.33%
FR0070	3.20%
FR0078	3.01%
FR0087	2.77%

Top Five Stocks Holding

Bank Central Asia	3.92%
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	2.51%
Telekomunikasi Indonesia	1.75%
Bank Mandiri Persero	1.37%
Astra International	1.18%

Key Fund Facts

Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 2,031.41
Risk Profile	Moderate
Launch Date	08 Mar 2004
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	543,697,791.5838

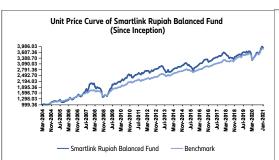
Price per Unit		Bid	Offer	
	(As of Ian 29, 2021)	IDR 3 736 28	IDR 3 932 93	

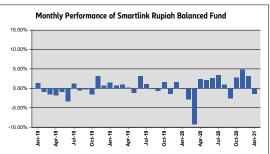
Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Smartlink Rupiah Balanced Fund	-1.33%	6.61%	7.63%	5.28%	6.82%	-1.33%	293.29%
Benchmark*	-0.75%	5.73%	7.59%	6.68%	17.45%	-0.75%	286.88%
*25% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI), 50% Indonesia Bond Pricing Agency (IBPA) IDR Bond Index & 25% average time deposit (3 months) from Mandiri, BNI, BTN, Danamon, and CIMB							

TNIQUY

(Renchmark assessment: before Sen 2018: 30% Inkarta Composite Index (ICI) & 70% average time denosit (3 months) from Mandiri RNI RTN. Danamon, and CIMR Nicosa.





Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced January 2021 inflation at +0.26% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.35%, +0.45% on Dec 2020). On yearly basis, inflation was +1.55% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.68%, +1.68% on Dec 2020). Core inflation was printed at +1.56% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.55%, +1.60% on Dec 2020). The deceleration on monthly inflation was caused by the inflation deceleration of volatile foods group (lower chicken and red onion prices) and the deflation of administered prices group. The deflation of administered price was caused by the lower of air transportation cost after holiday season in December 2020. The core inflation recorded higher data which was supported by higher commodity prices. The BI Board of Governors agreed on 20-21 January 2021 to hold the BI 7-Day Reverse Repo Rate at 3.75%, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 3.00% and 4.50%, respectively. This policy was in line with the inflation expectation remain low, maintain external stability, and to accelerate the economic recovery. Rupiah appreciated against USD by 0.15% from 14,105 at end of December 2020 to 14,084 at end of January 2021. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +2,102mn in Dec 2020 vs previous month surplus USD +2,612mn. The increment of export volume of iron & steel to China is still be the main contributor to the higher export number. Total import showed improvement with better growth number by 14% MoM which was supported by imports of machineries. On the annual figure, the total trade surplus for 2020 was amounting to USD +2,935mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD +463mn in Dec 2020, which was higher than the deficit on Nov 2020 amounting to USD +2,935mn. The Indonesia' actual GDP growth 4020 recorded -2.19% YoY (vs previous -3.49%, consensus -2.3%), and also recorded contraction by -0.42% QoQ (vs previous +5.05%, consensus -0.22%). Throughout 2020, economic growth contracted by -2.07% which is still in

IDR Government bond yields were closed with mixed result. Market was opened with selling action with purpose for reducing inventories ahead of first bond auction with two new bonds series in 2021. Then, players tended to have a sideways pattern which was caused by two main factors from domestic side, such as: the rising of new cases of Covid-19 and also higher bond supply in first quarter this year. However, there were several supports coming from global which resulted offshore inflows, such as: the weakening of dollar, the inauguration of President Biden, and the better result of China's GDP FY2020. Offshore accounts increased their holding by IDR 13.41tn in January 2021 (+1.38% MoM), from IDR 973.91tn as of 30 December 2020 to IDR 987.32tn as of 29 January 2021, which brought their holding to 24.86% of total outstanding tradable government bond (from 25.16% in the previous month). The 5Y yield January 2021 ended -4bps lower to +5.17% (vs +5.21% on Dec 2020), 19Y tenor ended +32bps higher to +6.21%(vs +6.54% on Dec 2020).

The JCI ended the month lower at 5,862.35 (-1.95% MoM). Market laggards were HMSP, BRPT, TLKM, UNVR, and MAYA as they fell -12.96%, -19.55%, -6.04%, -5.78% and -34.77% MoM respectively. Global equities fell on uncertainties of the US new fiscal aid package, worsening pandemic situation across the world leading to stricter restrictions in countries such as Europe and in Indonesia. In addition, there has also been uncertain vaccine effectiveness against the new COVID-19 strain that were seen in the UK and South Africa. The "stock morket divide" between the retail traders and short-positioned hedge funds in the US also added fuel to volatility in the market. Moving back to Indonesia, the JCI Index pulled back significantly in the 4th week of Jan-21 which brought the index to a -7% WoW losses and erasing its YTD gain in 2021. Many see stretched valuation matrix, together with the rising COVID-19 daily new cases that have broken above 10k/day average daily cases with 30% positivity rate have triggered some profit taking in the market. Overall, despite a short-term correction in the beginning of 2021, global vaccination roll-out will be the key as well as effectiveness over the new strain which will serve as a leading indicator of economic activity recovery in 2021 and 2022. Sector wise, the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector was the worst performing sector during the month, declining 8.03% MoM. Ticker wise, KIJA (Kawasan Industri Jababeka) and BCIP (Bumi Citra Permai) were the laggards, depreciating 29.44% and 28% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Agriculture Sector which dropped 7.84% MoM. Ticker wise, SSMS (Sawit Sumbermas Sarano) and DSFI (Dharma Samudera Fishing Industries) posted 24.8% and 21.95% MoM losses respectively. On the other hand, the best sector during the month was the Trade, Service and Investment Sector, which recorded a gain of 4.4% MoM. Ticker wise, ECII (Electronic City Indonesia) and SRTG (Saratoga Investama Sedaya) were the movers which rose 56.49% and 45.77% MoM respective

About Allianz Indonesia

PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia was founded in 1996 and is part of Allianz Asia Pacific which has been present in the region since 1910. Allianz Group is a leading insurance company and asset manager in the world with over 129 years of experience and provides a variety of personal and insurance services, companies, ranging from property, life and health insurance to credit insurance and business insurance services alabally.

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