

SMARTLINK RUPIAH BALANCED FUND

April 2020

BLOOMBERG: AZRPBLF:IJ

Investment Objective

The objective of this fund is to achieve conservative long term capital growth while earning more relatively stable income.

Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objectives, this fund shall be invested with a target of 50%-75% in money market and fixed income instruments (such as deposits, SBI, SPN, and / or money market mutual funds, government bonds, corporate bonds, and / or fixed-income mutual funds), and 25%-50% in equity instruments (either directly through stocks and / or through equity mutual funds).

Return Performance

Last 1-year Period		-5.92%
Best Month	Oct-07	12.71%
Worst Month	Oct-08	-17.27%

Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	28.55%
Mutual Funds - Bonds	57.47%
Mutual Funds - Equities	0.79%
Mutual Funds - Alternatives	4.54%
Cash/Deposit	8.65%

Top Five Bonds Holding

FR0068	3.70%
FR0056	3.45%
FR0070	3.26%
FR0078	3.03%
FR0072	2.62%

Top Five Stocks Holding

Bank Central Asia	4.24%
Telekomunikasi Indonesia	2.81%
Unilever Indonesia	2.64%
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	2.26%
Merdeka Copper Gold	1.37%

Key Fund Facts

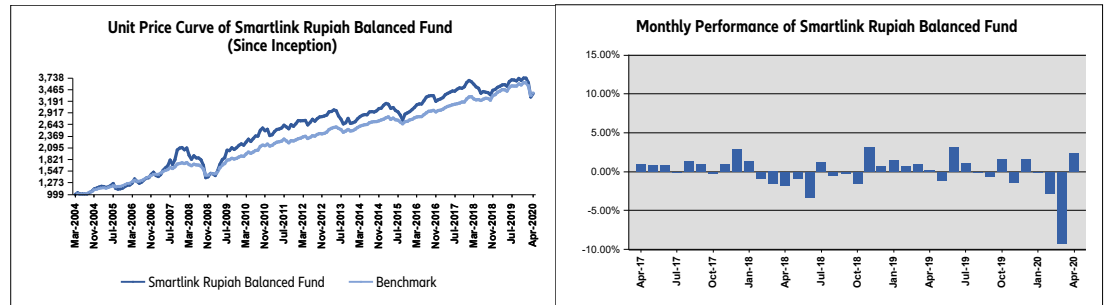
Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 1,874.15
Risk Profile	Moderate
Launch Date	08 Mar 2004
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	585,124,441.3651

Price per Unit	Bid	Offer
(As of Apr 30, 2020)	IDR 3,202.99	IDR 3,371.57

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
Smartlink Rupiah Balanced Fund	2.40%	-9.75%	-9.60%	-5.92%	-0.16%	-9.81%	237.16%
Benchmark*	1.80%	-6.70%	-6.03%	-2.26%	10.17%	-6.77%	238.37%

*25% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI), 50% Indonesia Bond Pricing Agency (IBPA) IDR Bond Index & 25% average time deposit (3 months) from Mandiri, BNI, BTN, Danamon, and CIMB Niaga
(Benchmark assessment; before Sep 2018: 30% Jakarta Composite Index (JCI) & 70% average time deposit (3 months) from Mandiri, BNI, BTN, Danamon, and CIMB Niaga)



Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced April 2020 inflation at +0.08% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.20%, +0.10% in March 2020). On yearly basis, inflation was +2.67% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.76%, +2.96% in March 2020). Core inflation was printed at +2.85% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.88%, +2.87% in March 2020). The lower monthly inflation is contributed by the deflation that are occurred on volatile food (the declining of garlic and chicken price) and administered price (the declining of airfare) group. While, the decelerated on core inflation is caused by the deflation of onion price. In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 13-14 April 2020, Bank Indonesia hold the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate at 4.50% level, and also hold the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates at 3.25% and 5.25% level, respectively. Bank Indonesia lowered the RRR for conventional banks by 200bps and for Syariah banks by 50bps. This policy is expected to increase the liquidity on banks amounting to IDR 102tn. Rupiah appreciated by +7.39% to 15,157/USD at end of April 2020 from 16,367/USD previous month. The appreciation of Rupiah is helped by the deal between Bank Indonesia and FED for giving Indonesia repo line amounting to USD 60bn to increase dollar liquidity. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +743.4mn in March 2020 vs previous month surplus USD +2,336mn. The trade surplus was contributed by better export number for non-oil and gas sector which is showed by the increasing of export on iron & steel, precious metal, and also electrical machineries. Non-oil and gas trade balance in March 2020 recorded surplus USD +1,676mn, which was lower than the previous month surplus amounting to USD +3,268mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -932.6mn in March 2020, relatively similar with the deficit on February 2020 amounting to USD -932mn. Standard & Poor's (S&P) affirm Indonesia's sovereign credit rating on BBB, but revised the outlook from a stable outlook to negative outlook. Ratings is supported by strong economic growth prospects in future and prudent fiscal policy. The negative outlook reflected the heavy financing for addressing the impact Covid-19 which it could give risk to fiscal. Indonesia's economy grew as 2.97% yoy in 1Q 2020 (vs previous 4.97%, consensus 4.00%), and -2.41% qoq (vs previous -1.47%, consensus -1.27%). The growth surprisingly lower than most people expected. This was caused by the impact of Covid-19, hit Indonesia's faster than economist's prediction. This is the weakest Indonesia's growth since 2001. The contributor of the increment of yearly growth is still from the household consumption. While the negative quarterly growth is caused by the declining of government consumption growth by -44.02%. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of February 2020 was at USD 130.40billion, lower than January 2020's number at USD 131.70billion. The declining of foreign reserve was caused by paying external government debt.

IDR Government bond yields were closed lower across all curves. The uncertainty is still haunted the market with pressured coming from global and domestic side. Market reacted positively with the government plan to allow Bank Indonesia buying bonds in primary market as a last resort, as well as the plan for widening the ceiling of budget deficit to be 5.07% for the next three years. The success story of MOF for issuing global bonds amounting to USD 4.3bn with the longest tenor ever (50yr), also added positive sentiment to market. The negative sentiment which was caused by the significant declining of global oil price and the news that US surpassed China for the highest cases number of Covid-19, have affected the market as well. Other good news for Indonesia's bond market that offshore names were starting buy bonds despite in small volume. While Bank Indonesia is still the biggest name for buying bonds in the past month. Offshore accounts decreased their holding by IDR -2.15tn in April 2020 (-0.23% MoM), to IDR 924.76tn as of 30 April 2020 from IDR 926.91tn as of 31 March 2020, which brought their holding to 31.77% of total outstanding tradable government bond (from 32.71% in the previous month). The 5Y yield April 2020 ended -4bps lower to +7.27% (+7.31% in March 2020), 10Y tenor ended -4bps lower to +7.88% (+7.91% in March 2020), 15Y tenor ended -17bps lower to +8.11% (+8.28% in March 2020) and 20Y tenor ended -31bps lower to +8.07% (+8.38% in March 2020).

The JCI ended the month higher at 4,716.4 (+3.91% MoM). Market movers were BRPT, TPIA, UNVR, TLKM, and HMSP as they rose 100%, 70.95%, 14.14%, 10.76% and 11.93% MoM respectively. The JCI and overall global equity market turned positive money flow wise, as plateauing daily infection numbers on the COVID-19 cases globally gives hope which in effect would trigger several countries to ease lockdowns and restriction and provide support to economic activity. In addition, the COVID-19 vaccine and remedies from Gilead showed positive development. However, despite the positive outcomes along with monetary and fiscal stimulus measures across the globe to stem economic shocks, concern over COVID-19 impact to global economic growth still looms. Million dollar question of when exactly Covid-19 would be completely eradicated naturally or using vaccine still remains. Sector wise, the Basic Industry Sector was the best performing sector during the month, gaining 31.26% MoM. Ticker wise, BRPT (Barito Pacific) and SMCB (Holcim Indonesia) were the movers, appreciating 100% and 72.73% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Infrastructure, Utilities and Transportation Sector which rallied 13.69% MoM. Ticker wise, FREN (Smartfren Telecom) and SOCI (Soechi Lines) posted 72.58% and 46.99% MoM gains respectively. On the other hand, the worst sector during the month was the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector, which recorded a decline of 13.4% MoM. Ticker wise, IDPR (Indonesia Pondasi Raya) and SSIA (Surya Semesta Internusa) were the laggards which fell 64.23% and 30.91% MoM respectively.

About Allianz Indonesia

PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia was founded in 1996 and is part of Allianz Asia Pacific which has been present in the region since 1910. Allianz Group is a leading insurance company and asset manager in the world with over 129 years of experience and provides a variety of personal and insurance services, companies, ranging from property, life and health insurance to credit insurance and business insurance services globally.

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