# ALLISYA RUPIAH BALANCED FUND July 2020

# **BLOOMBERG: AZSRPBL:IJ**

## **Investment Objective**

The objective of this fund is to achieve conservative long term capital growth while earning relatively stable income.

## Investment Strategy

To achieve the investment objectives, this fund shall be invested with a target of 25%-50% in sharia based money market and fixed income instruments (such as deposits of sharia, sharia SBI, sharia SPN, and / or money market mutual funds, sharia bonds, sharia corporate bonds and / or sharia fixed income mutual funds), and 50%-75% in the sharia based equity instruments in accordance to OJK's decision (either directly through sharia stocks or through sharia equity mutual funds).

# **Return Performance**

Last 1-year Period		-9.78%
Best Month	Jul-09	10.95%
Worst Month	Oct-08	-14.39%

#### **Portfolio Breakdown**

Equity	61.87%
Mutual Funds - Bonds	18.59%
Sharia Cash/Deposit	19.55%

#### **Top Five Stocks Holding**

Unilever Indonesia	10.39%
Telekomunikasi Indonesia	9.78%
Astra International	6.87%
Merdeka Copper Gold	5.95%
United Tractors	3.72%

## **Key Fund Facts**

Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 449.70
Risk Profile	Moderate
Launch Date	25 Apr 2006
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Bid-Offer Spread	5.00%
Management Fee	2.00% p.a.
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	223,810,894.4144

Price per Unit	Bid	Offer
(As of Jul 30, 2020)	IDR 2,009.28	IDR 2,115.03

Managed by PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia



#### Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced July 2020 deflation at -0.10% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.05%, +0.18% in June 2020). On yearly basis inflation was +1.54% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.71%, +1.96% in June 2020). Core inflation was printed at +2.07% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.11%, +2.26% in June 2020). The monthly deflation was contributed by the deflation on volatile food and administered price group. The deflation on volatile food group was affected by the declining of chicken, onion, and rice price, while the administered price group was impacted by the declining of transportation cost. The core inflation was contributed by the increment of gold price. In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 15-16 July 2020, Bank Indonesia cut the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate by 25bps to be 4.00%, and also cut the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates by 25bps to be 3.25% and 4.75% level, respectively. This policy is still in line with the low inflation target, and it expected to keep the stability of economic and also help the economic recovery which is affected by the Covid-19. Rupiah depreciated by -2.45% to 14.653 at the end of July 2020 from 14,302 at end of June 2020. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +1,268mn in June 2020 vs previous month surplus USD +2,092mn. The surplus was caused by better number in export which was supported by the increment on commodities prices and also the increasing in export number for iron & steel. The growth of import on June was also better compared with May's number which was caused the the relaxation of implementation of new normal policy where the business started to reopen on June. Non-oil and aas trade balance in June 2020 recorded surplus USD+1.372mn, which was lower than the previous month that recorded trade surplus amounting to USD +2,098mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -95mn in June 2020, which was higher than the deficit on May 2020 amounting to USD -6mn. Indonesia's economy contracted by -5.32% YoY in Q2 2020 (vs previous -2.97%, consensus -4.72%), and -4.19% QoQ (vs previous -0.41%, consensus -3.65%). This is the first negative growth in Indonesia's history after the Asian Financial Crisis in 1998. In terms of expenditure, the private consumption which dominated 57.85% of GDP growth, also contracted by -6.5% QoQ. While, in terms of business sector, the contraction was happened on all of sectors, except agriculture, telecommunication, and water supply sector that still grew positively. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of July 2020 was at USD 135.1billion, higher than June 2020's number at USD 131.7billion. The increment of foreign reserve was supported by the issuance of global bonds and withdrawal of government loans.

IDR Government bond yields were closed lower across all curves in line with offshore inflows. The bullish tone in this month was affected by the global and domestic sentiments, such as: the news about additional stimulus budget for Europe Zone amounting to EU 750bn, the expectation of the injection liquidity by US Government amounting to US 4th (100x of Indonesia's stimulus budget), and also the development process of Covid-19 vaccine showed good signed. While from domestic side are the announcement of scheme for Burden Sharing between MoF and Bank Indonesia. The scheme for burden sharing between BI and MoF will be divided into three, as follows: Public Goods amounting to IDR 397Th that BI will bear the cast and buy it through private placement; Non Public Goods for SMEs amounting to IDR 397Th that BI will bear the cost and buy it through private placement; Non Public Goods for SMEs amounting to IDR 237Th that BI will bear the cost and buy it through private placement; Non Public Goods for SMEs amounting to IDR 237D, that BI will bear the cost and buy it through private placement; Non Public Goods for SMEs amounting to IDR 237D, that BI will bear the cost and BI will bear the cost and BI will buy bonds in market. Offshore accounts increased their holding by IDR +8.79th in July 2020 (+0.94% MoM), to IDR 945.79th as of 30 July 2020 from IDR 937.00th as of 30 June 2020, which brough their holding to 29.77% of total outstanding tradable government bond (from 30.17% in the previous month). The 5Y yield July 2020 ended -58bps lower to +5.96%(+6.54% in June 2020), 10Y tenor ended -38bps lower to +6.83%(+7.21% in June 2020), 15Y tenor ended -36bps lower to +7.27%(+7.63% in June 2020) and 20Y tenor ended -25bps lower to +7.42%(+7.68% in June 2020).

The JAKISL Index ended the month higher at 555.63 (+4.09% MoM). Market movers were UNTR, UNVR, ASII, CPIN, and INCO as they rose 29%, 6.33%, 7.29%, 11.66% and 22.14% MoM respectively. Global stock markets continued to rally in July on the back of market optimism of resumption of economic activity recovery and fiscal & monetary stimulus from governments globally starting to cushion economic impacts. China's 2Q20 GDP growth was encouraging at 6.2% YoY and was welcomed positively by the market. Consequently, commodities such as oil, palm oil & copper moved positively in tandem following the encuraging economic data release. From the west, the economic stimulus which involves printing of money helped gold prices to reach a record high of \$1,900 / ounce as investors seek hedge on the devaluation of the dollar. Meanwhile locally in Indonesia, investors are starting to price in path to recovery in 2021 be it the expectation is to be lower than 2019 levels despite the number of new daily Covid-19 cases reaching a record high of over 1,200 cases / day. In addition, relaxation of large-scale social activity restrictions (PSBB) which have a positive impact on automotive, cement, and housing sales which served as a positive catalyst for sentiment towards JII. Normalization of business matrix data will be closely watched and will dictate market trends going forward. The recent policy synergy, which is a combination of government fiscal stimulus acceleration and expansive monetary policies will serve to propel sequential improvements. Sector wise, the Mining Sector was the best performing sector during the month, gaining 11.95% MoM. Ticker wise, INCO (Vale Indonesia) and ANTM (Aneka Tambang Persero) were the movers, appreciating 22.14% and 20.66% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Miscellaneous Industry Sector which rallied 6.30% MoM. Ticker wise, ASII (Astra International) posted 7.29% MoM gain. On the other hand, the worst sector during the month was the Construction, Property and Real Estate Sector, which recorded

#### About Allianz Indonesia

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