# **DPLK PPUKP EQUITY FUND**

June 2020

### **Investment Objective**

The objective of the fund is to provide relatively stable income with capital preservation for the long term.

## Investment Strategy

The Fund seeks to attain its objectives by investing in short term interest bearing instruments (such as deposits, SBI or money market mutual funds) and medium or long term interest bearing instruments (such as bonds and/or fixed income mutual funds).

### **Return Performance**

Last 1-year Period		-22.62%
Best Month	Dec-17	6.98%
Worst Month	Mar-20	-20.65%

### Portfolio Breakdown

Equity	93.65%
Cash/Deposit	6.35%

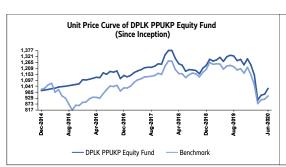
### **Key Fund Facts**

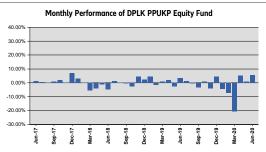
Fund Size (in bn IDR)	IDR 15.35
Risk Profile	Aggressive
Launch Date	24 Dec 2014
Fund Currency	Indonesian Rupiah
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Custodian Bank Name	Bank HSBC Indonesia
Total Unit	15,046,352.5488

Price per Unit	
(As of Jun 30, 2020)	IDR 1,020.1183

Managed by DPLK Allianz Indonesia

	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	YTD	Since Inception
DPLK PPUKP Equity Fund	5.53%	11.96%	-21.47%	-22.62%	-15.96%	-21.47%	2.01%
Benchmark*	3.19%	8.07%	-22.13%	-22.85%	-15.86%	-22.13%	-5.06%
*Jakarta Composite Index (JCI)							





#### Manager Commentary

Central Bureau Statistics of Indonesia (BPS) announced June 2020 inflation at +0.18% mom (vs consensus inflation +0.05%, +0.07% in May 2020). On yearly basis, inflation was +1.96% yoy (vs consensus inflation +1.84%, +2.19% in May 2020). Core inflation was printed at +2.26% yoy (vs consensus inflation +2.38%, +2.65% in May 2020). The inflation is still considered low, but better than previous months, which was supported by the inflation volatile price group (increment on chicken, egg, and coconut prices). In the Board of Governors' Meeting on 17-18 June 2020, Bank Indonesia cut the BI 7-day Reverse Repo Rate by 25bps to be 4.25%, and also cut the Deposit Facility (DF) and Lending Facility (LF) rates by 25bps to be 3.00% and 5.00% level, respectively. This policy is for keeping the economic stability and for the economic recovery which is affected by the Covid-19. Rupiah appreciated by +2.93% to 14,302 at the end of June 2020 from 14,733/USD at end of May 2020. Indonesia's trade balance recorded surplus amounting to USD +2,092mn in May 2020 vs previous month deficit USD -345mn. The trade surplus was caused by the contraction in import number that are related with the supporting for investment, such as machineries, raw material and capital goods. The export number also lower on the back of lower coal export number which is caused by the weak price of commodity. Non-oil and gas trade balance in April 2020 recorded surplus USD +2,098, while the previous month recorded trade deficit amounting to USD -100.7mn. Meanwhile, oil and gas trade balance still recorded deficit to USD -6mn in May 2020, which was lower than the deficit on April 2020 amounting to USD -243mn. Indonesia's official foreign reserve as of June 2020 was at USD 131.7billion, higher than May 2020's number at USD 130.5billion. The increment of foreign reserve was supported by the issuance of global sukuk bonds amounting to USD 2.5bn.

The JCI ended the month higher at 4,905.39 (+3.19% MoM). Market movers were BBCA, SMMA, ARTO, BMRI, and BBNI as they rose 9.73%, 49.39%, 102.29%, 10.74% and 19.58% MoM respectively. Equity market globally have recovered strongly, as global manufacturing PMIs rebounded strongly as well to 48.9 in June, from 41.6 in May. This sharp rebound in global manufacturing PMI is aligned with market expectation of a V-shaped recovery in the global economy. Global risk appetite also improve as the worst of the economic fallout from the pandemic seems largely over despite fears over a second wave of infections. Locally, the JCI also gained, albeit lagging global markets as foreign investors remained as net sellers in equity and bond markets (outflows of IDR 1.3tn and IDR 4tn, respectively), despite Indonesia's manufacturing PMI improved to 39.1 in June (vs. May-20 at 28.6). Indonesia's coronavirus outbreak can be said as lagging compared to the rest of the world, developed nations in particular. Investors' perception of the USS\$40bn debt monetization plan, arising from Bank Indonesia's sharing of the government's pandemic fiscal response did raise concerns over BI's independence, JCI's valuation looks attractive relative to the global market valuation if one were to anticipate a recovery phase in 2021. However, we can't rule out that the continued rise in new cases has raised the risk that economies could re-enter into lockdown to curb the spread of the virus. Policy-makers will face difficult decisions on how to manage economic activity alongside managing the virus outbreak. But in aggregate, we see selective and rolling measures, where a repeat of strict lockdown measures imposed similar to the beginning of the year minimal. Sector wise, the Finance Sector was the best performing sector during the month, gaining 10.09% MoM. Ticker wise, AKSI (Majapahit Inti Corpora Tbk) and KREN (Kresna Graha Investama PT Tbk) were the movers, appreciating 365.81% and 124.64% MoM respectively. This was followed by the Agriculture Sector which rallied 6.49% MoM. Ticker wise, SIMP (Salim Ivomas Pratama) and LSIP (Perusahaan Perkebunan London Sumatra Ind) posted 25.74% and 20.29% MoM gains respectively. On the other hand, the worst sector during the month was the Basic Industry Sector, which recorded a decline of 3.23% MoM. Ticker wise, APLI (Asiaplast Industries) and AKPI (Argha Karya Prima Industry) were the laggards which fell 24.46% and 16.93% MoM respectively.

### About Allianz Indonesia

PT Asuransi Allianz Life Indonesia was founded in 1996 and is part of Allianz Asia Pacific which has been present in the region since 1910. Allianz Group is a leading insurance company and asset manager in the world with over 129 years of experience and provides a variety of personal and insurance services, companies, ranging from property, life and health insurance to credit insurance and business insurance services globally.